

Stolt-Nielsen Limited | Third-Quarter 2021 Results

Niels G. Stolt-Nielsen — Chief Executive Officer Lucas Vos — President of Stolt Tankers Jens F. Grüner-Hegge — Chief Financial Officer

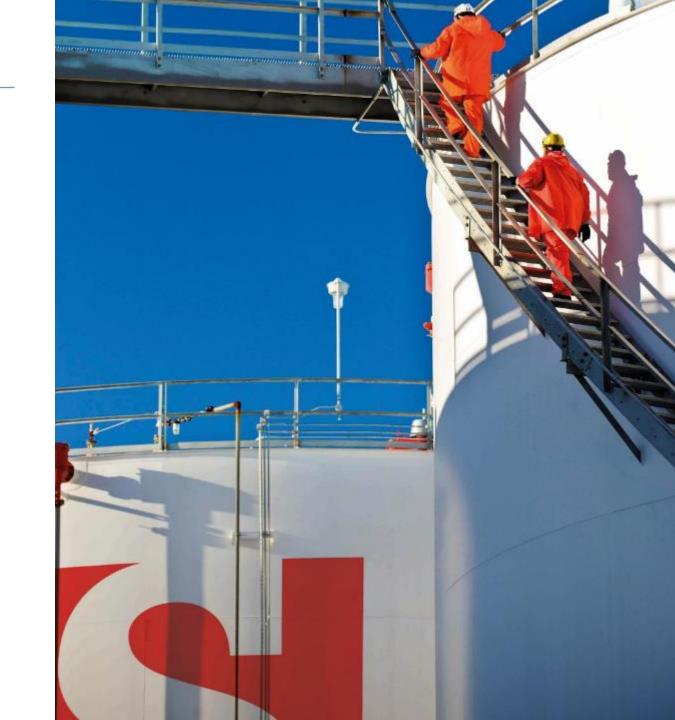


Forward-Looking Statements

Included in this presentation are various "forward-looking statements", including statements regarding the intent, opinion, belief or current expectations of the Company or its management with respect to, among other things, (i) goals and strategies, (ii) plans for new development, (iii) marketing plans, (iv) evaluation of the Company's markets, competition and competitive positions, and (v) trends which may be expressed or implied by financial or other information or statements contained herein. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other facts that may cause the actual results, performance and outcomes to be materially different for any future results, performance or outcomes expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include in particular, but are not limited to, the matters described in the section "Principal Risks" (p. 51 et seq.) in the most recent annual report available at www.stolt-nielsen.com.

Agenda | 3Q21 Results

- 1. Stolt-Nielsen Limited
- 2. Stolt Tankers
- 3. Stolthaven Terminals
- 4. Stolt Tank Containers
- 5. Stolt Sea Farm
- 6. Stolt-Nielsen Gas Avenir LNG
- 7. Financials
- 8. Q&A



3Q21 Highlights | Solids Results for STC and SSF

Financials 3Q21 vs. 2Q21

OPERATING REVENUE

\$ 580.9m 🔼



EBITDA

\$ 147.8m 🔼

\$ 116.7m

OPERATING PROFIT

\$ 79.4m 🔼

\$ 41.4m

NET PROFIT

\$ 33.5m 🔼



\$ 7.8m

FREE CASH FLOW*

\$ 105.5m 🔼



\$ 20.0m

NET DEBT TO EBITDA

4.70x

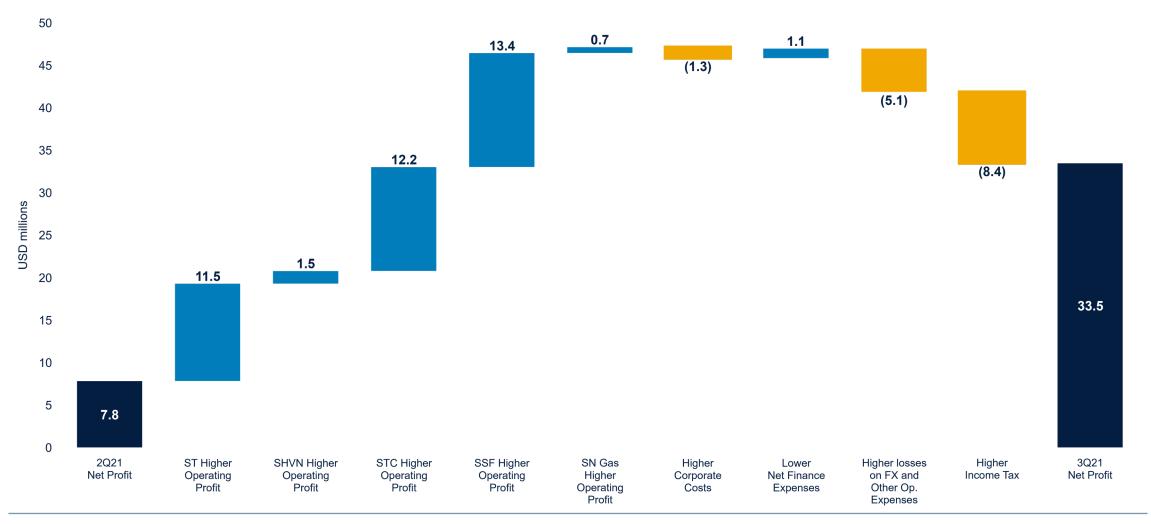


4.98x

- **Net Profit** from continuing operations **of \$33.5m**, up from \$7.8m in 2Q21
- Higher **EBITDA** mainly driven by:
 - Stolt Tank Containers saw higher transportation rates and increase in demurrage revenue while costs remained stable
 - At Stolt Sea Farm strong seasonal demand during the summer combined with less wild catch resulted in increased sales volume and higher prices for turbot and sole
- Higher utilisation and throughput at Stolthaven **Terminals**
- Recovery in contract volumes in Stolt Tankers but spot rates remain subdued
- Improved free cash flow as businesses' operating cashflow improved
- **\$449.8m** available **liquidity** at quarter-end

^{*}Cash from operations less cash used for investing activities and interest expense

Net Profit | Positive Trends In All Businesses



ESG — Sustainability Lies At The Heart Of Our Operations

Our goal of zero harm for people and the environment is our **number-one priority.** We require our businesses to operate responsibly with a relentless focus on safety, efficiency and excellence. This focus shapes everything we do, from systems and processes to the way we manage and drive the environmental performance of all assets.



Stolt Tankers

Reduction of at least 50%

Carbon intensity reduction relative to 2008 levels and

Carbon Neutral business by 2050



Stolthaven Terminals

Primary activities to be CO₂ neutral by 2040



Stolt Tank Containers

By 2030: 50% of energy and utilities consumed in our depots will come from renewable energy sources

Reduce our carbon footprint with our logistics partners by

40% by actively targeting and working with like-minded Suppliers



Stolt Sea Farm

By 2030: 0% waste-to-landfill, taking recycling and energy recovery as the options for the long-term

Reduction of fish meal and fish oil in our on growing feed.

65% reduction for sole, and

50% reduction for **turbot**.





Stolt Tankers | Recovery in COA Volumes, Depressed Spot Market

3Q21 2Q21

OPERATING REVENUE \$ 310.0m 🔼 \$ 287.0m

EBITDA

\$ 65.8m

\$ 56.9m

OPERATING PROFIT

\$ 24.1m 🔼

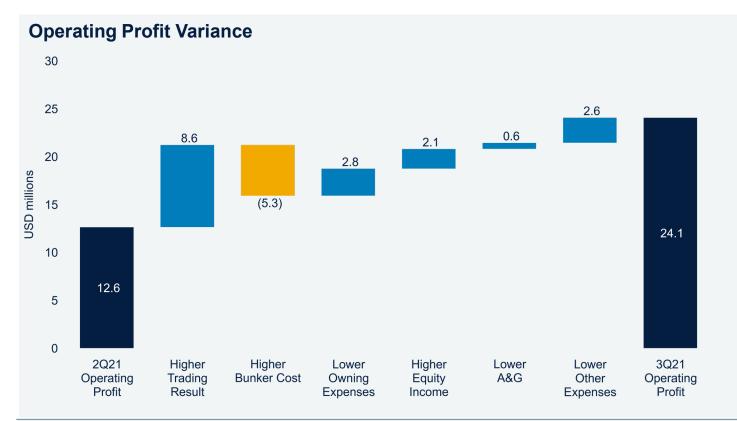
\$ 12.6m

OPERATING DAYS (deep sea)

6,978



6,442



- **Higher trading results** driven mainly by 4.8% higher freight rates and 3.4% higher volumes
- **Utilisation** up by 1.8%
- Bunker cost, including bunker rebates and surcharges, increased by 9.8% as bunker prices continued to increase
- Lower owning expenses as a result lower manning costs, lower M&R, and lower insurance cost
- Higher JV equity income as a results of higher revenues and three JV ships returning after drydocking in 2Q
- Other expenses includes a gain of \$3.6m on the sale of Stolt Selje

Bunker Prices up, but offset by consumption improvements



Bunker Cost

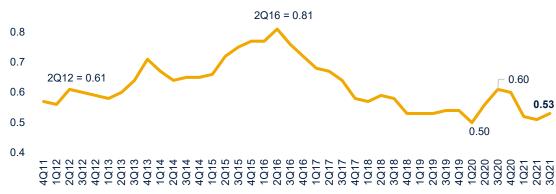


Average price of IFO/VLSF (\$ per tonne)

	1Q20	2Q20	3Q20	4Q20	1Q21	2Q21	3Q21
Consumed	\$342	\$260	\$275	\$317	\$370	\$461	\$496
Purchased	\$546	\$274	\$306	\$321	\$479	\$479	\$506

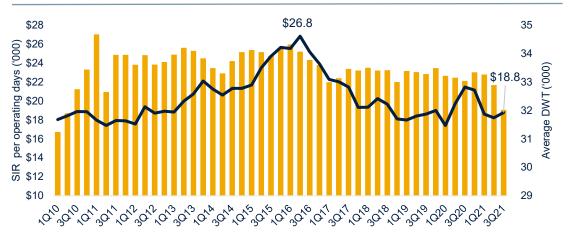
- 93.8% of COAs had a bunker clause in Q3.
- The total volume covered by a bunker clause was 66.7% in YTD

SIR¹ index – Impacted by higher bunker costs



Index based on SIR STJS ships; net results outside T/C ships, base is 1Q96 adjusting for inflation based on US Consumer Price Index (CPI)

STJS - SIR per Operating Day



Stolt Tankers | Market Highlights



Deepsea – Stolt Tankers Joint Service

- Strong US internal demand causes a soft export market and impacts spot rates USG to Asia and Europe, where we see a lot of excess capacity
- Return markets from Asia to Europe and the US are strong, as well as Arabian Gulf to Europe
- In Asia, Covid-19 related restrictions and typhoon season has caused severe disruptions to our schedule
- The fundamentals for the clean and crude markets are firmly in place however, with demand dampened by the resurgence of Covid-19 variants the market recovery is delayed. Spot market is dependent on MR market recovering

Stolt-Nielsen Inter-Europe Service – E&S Tankers

- Earnings supported by improved COA coverage, while spot market remains flat
- Synergies within E&S Tankers above expectations

Stolt-Nielsen Inland Tanker Service

Stable outlook for chemicals and continuous weak CPP

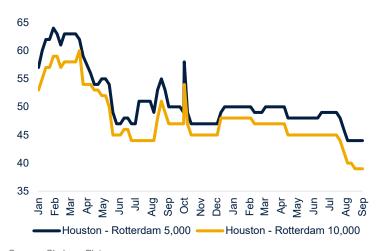
Stolt-Nielsen Asia Pacific Service

 Overall good activity level in Asia. Spot rates improved as a result of port congestions and delays in China. Earnings to remains stable through 4Q

Middle East Gulf to Europe, Chemicals Index

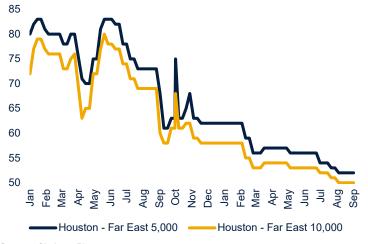


Transatlantic Eastbound, Chemicals Index



Source : Clarkson Platou

Transpacific, Chemicals Index



Source : Clarkson Platou

Source : Clarkson Platou

Chemical Tanker Market Outlook

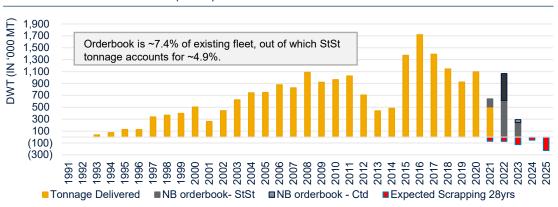


Highly attractive market backdrop — robust demand outlook combined with favourable supply drivers

- Strong economic recovery from Covid-19 continues to be supported by global stimulus and the roll-out of vaccines. Global GDP expected to increase 5.6% in 2021 and about 4.2% in 2022
- Crude oil and CPP tanker markets are expected to improve with the increase in oil production coming out of OPEC. Energy supply is generally tight globally
- The orderbook remain small, particularly for stainless steel tonnage

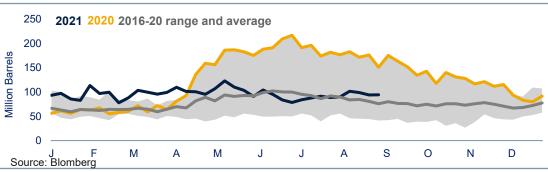
Chemical tanker orderbook at record low levels...

Chemical Tanker Orderbook (3Q21)



...with swing tonnage set to ease as Crude and CPP inventory levels normalise

Global Crude Floating Storage

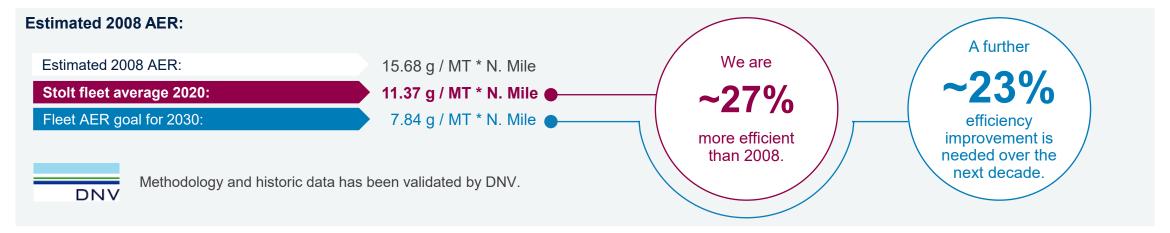


^{1.} Based on median of official publications (IMF, World Bank, OECD, WTO, EU Commission)



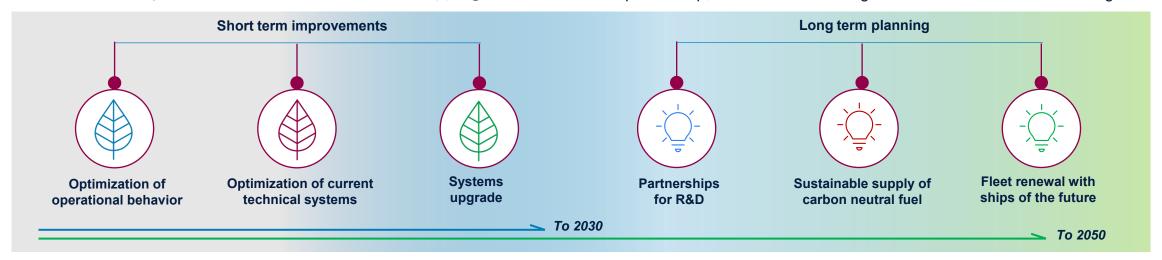
Stolt Tankers Decarbonization Ambition

Reduction of at least 50% Carbon intensity relative to 2008 levels



Mærsk Mc-Kinney Møller Center for Zero Carbon Shipping

With this partnership, we will tackle our long term decarbonization ambition together





Stolthaven Terminals

Stolthaven Terminals | Stable Perfomance



3Q21 2Q21

\$ 62.9m \(\triangle \) \$ 60.6m

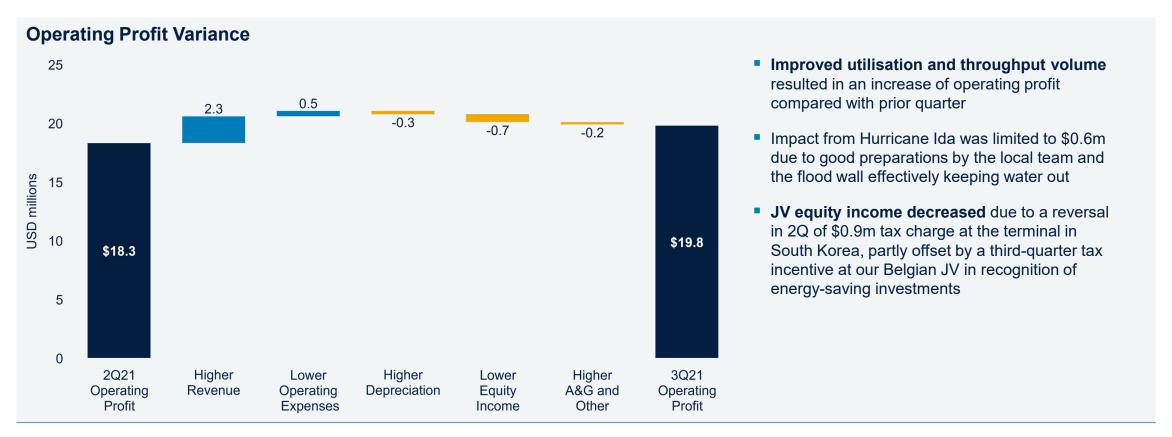
\$ 35.4m \(\triangle \) \$ 34.2m

\$ 19.8m \$ 18.3m

UTILISATION (wholly owned terminals)

92.3%

90.3%



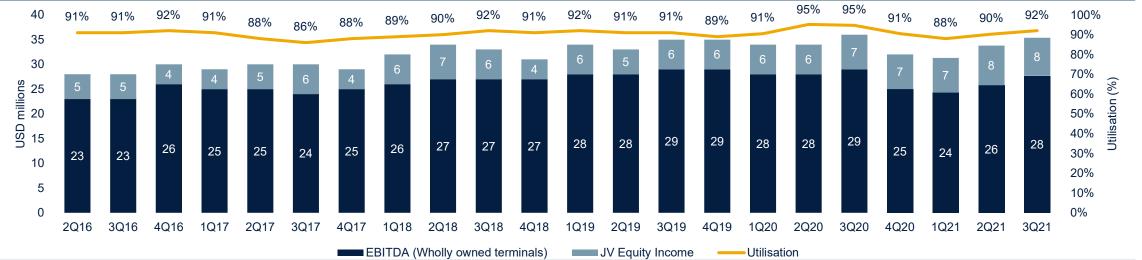
Market Highlights | Stable Demand and Higher Utilisation

- US terminals: Lower utilisation and throughput. Impacted by Hurricane Ida
- Santos terminal: Higher throughput and utilisation as a result of more spot contracts
- European terminals had higher throughput, but impacted by lower utilisation
- Australian terminals performance improved as a result of higher utilisation and higher throughput. New Zealand performance improved as result of lower operating cost after ceasing business at Wynyard
- Slight improvement across Asian Terminals, and overall stable

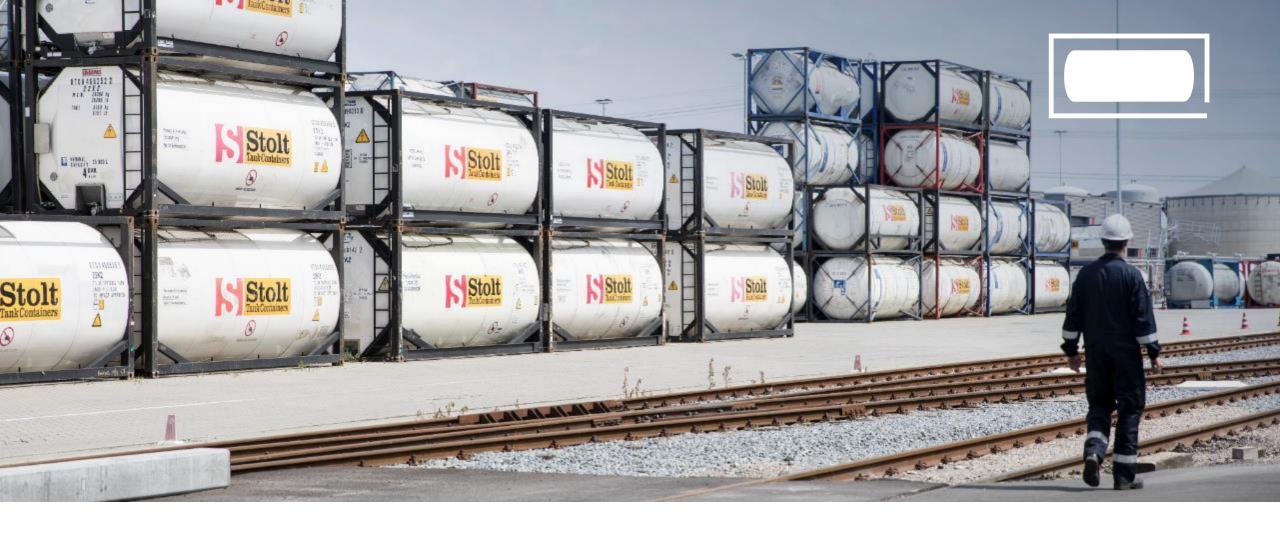
Equity Income/Utilisation (Joint Ventures)



EBITDA /Utilisation (Wholly owned)







Stolt Tank Containers

Stolt Tank Containers | Lower Shipments but Higher Rates



3Q21 2Q21

OPERATING REVENUE \$ 174.4m 🔼

\$ 157.7m

EBITDA

\$ 34.3m 🔼

\$ 23.1m

OPERATING PROFIT

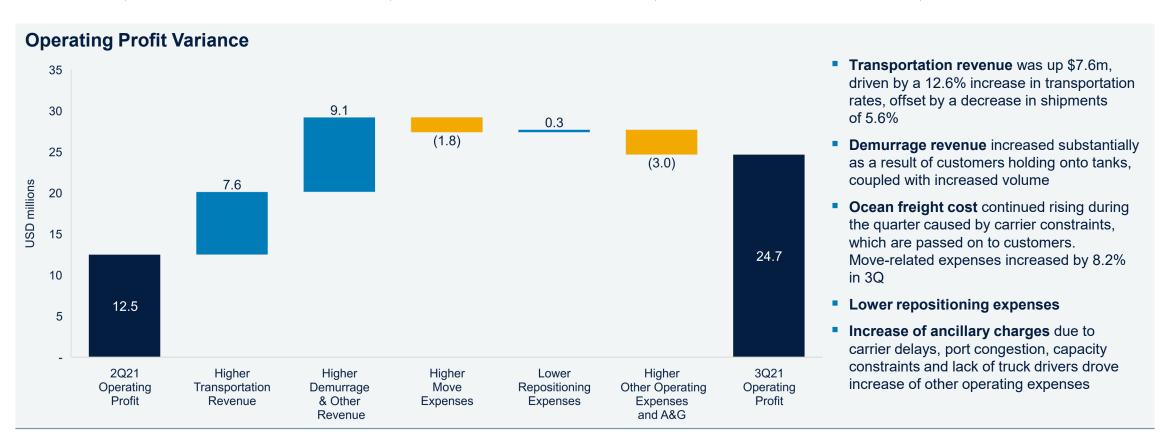
\$ 24.7m 🔼

\$ 12.5m

UTILISATION

72.1%

72.2%

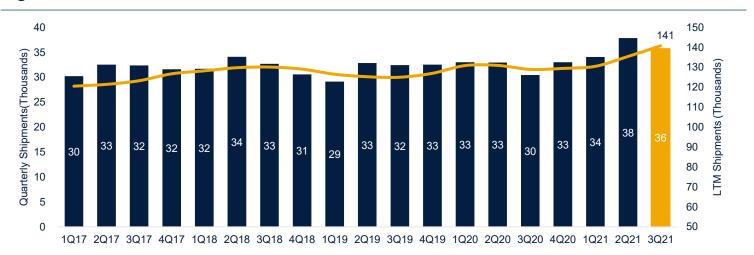




Market Highlights | New Highs

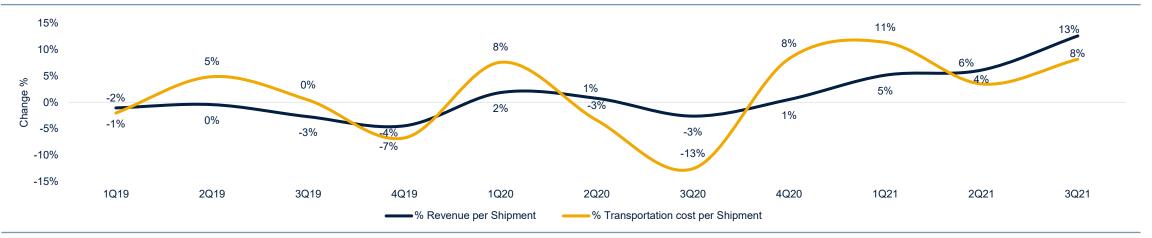
- Demand remains strong across all markets and sectors
- To meet the demand, STC has placed an order to purchase 1,000 tank containers to be delivered late 2021 and early 2022
- Customers considering alternative options to move cargos as port congestions and containership capacity constraints continue but no significant change has occurred due to cost to change

High demand in all markets and sectors...





Transportation costs rising and revenue growth per shipment is catching up...



Market Outlook

Short and Medium-Term Challenges



- Port congestion is worsening. The
 waiting time at the ports has risen and
 operational costs are increasing.
 Unpredictable demand for goods, container
 shortages and port congestion will push
 shipping freight rates up
- Tight capacity: Containership orderbook has increased from 8.3% in Nov' 20 to 18% in May '21 but deliveries do not hit market until 2023



- The availability of quality drivers and trucks remains a challenge in multiple markets
- Transportation cost will continue to rise
 - the additional costs are being passed on to customers

Opportunities



Demurrage: Tank container costs have been rising and demurrage has remained low. Higher demurrage rates and reduced numbers of free days is expected to incentivise faster tank container returns and generate higher revenue



Demand: Customers moving away from unsustainable flexibags to tank containers, due to global dry box shortage and focus on sustainable supply chain

Sustainability in the supply chain: STC has established its own sustainability goals for both depots and the fleet



Leadership in digitalisation:

Recent investments in system applications and digital platforms are key to offer improved flexibility and faster response times to customers demand

Direct integration with our customers and vendors is key to improve operational efficiency, increase scale and higher returns per shipment







Stolt Sea Farm | Strong Demand Pushes Prices Up



3Q21 2Q21

OPERATING REVENUE \$ 33.5m 🔼 \$ 21.4m

EBITDA \$ 13.5m \$ 1.5m

OPERATING PROFIT \$12.8m 🔼 (\$0.6m)

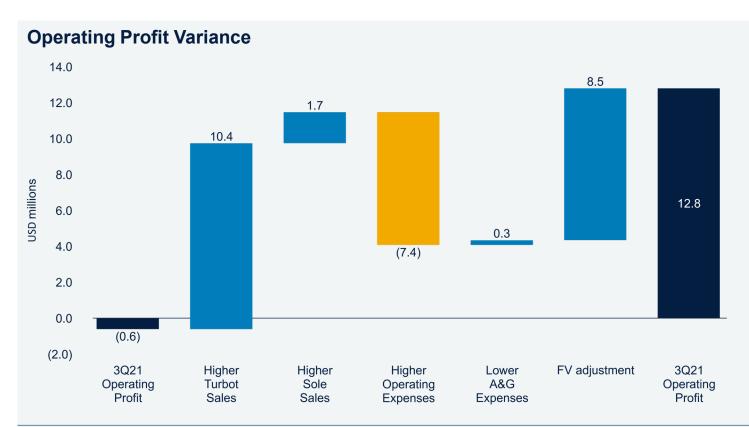
VOLUMES (metric tonnes)**

2,667mt 🔼



1.975mt

**Includes own turbot traded turbot and sole

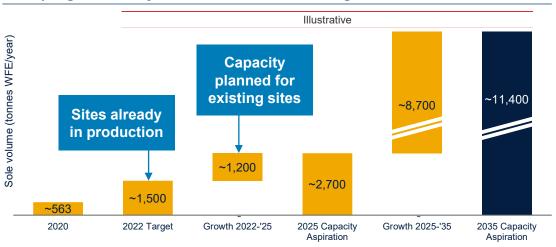


- Turbot sales increased by \$10.4m due to higher prices by 21.9% and sales volumes by 36.4%. Operating expenses per kg increased 4.5%, well below price increases.
- **Sole sales** increased \$1.7m with higher production volumes coming from the new RAS farm in Cervo, Spain. Prices improved by 22.3% while operating expenses per kg decreased by 5.6%
- The fair value adjustment of biomass was a gain of \$9.3m compared with a gain of \$0.8m in the prior quarter. This is a reflection of the recovery in prices and a growth in biomass
- Lower **A&G** costs, as 2Q included costs related to preparations for potential IPO

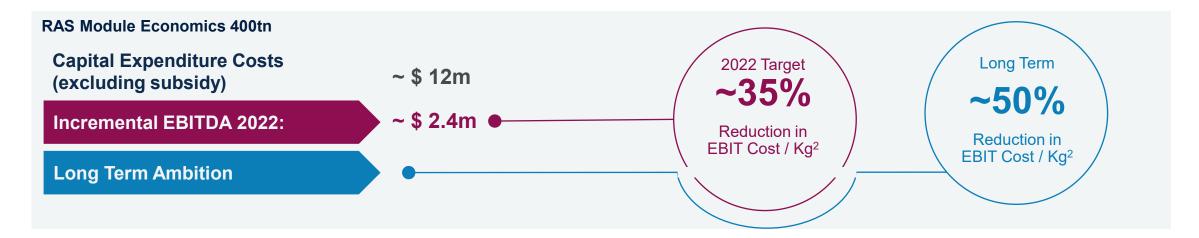
Delivering the Growth Plan

- Value creation linked to:
 - Ambitious expansion of turbot and sole production to > 23,000 tonnes
 - Pricing at long term sustainable levels of ~EUR 10 (turbot) ~EUR 14 (sole)
- Equity markets for RAS peers have underperformed (down ~45% YoY¹)
- 2021 is a milestone in our 20 years of recirculation (RAS) R&D
 - ~ 2 years of operations at Cervo and first harvest of Tocha in August 2021
 - Both sites performing ahead of expectations driving down operational costs
 - Attractive performance in feed conversion ratio, water and energy consumption
- Sole expansion plans to 2025 within existing sites

Sole | High Visibility Growth Plan to 2025 Target



RAS Modules | A Step-Change in Profitability – Driving Value Creation







Stolt-Nielsen Gas | Avenir LNG Positioned to Accelerate Earnings

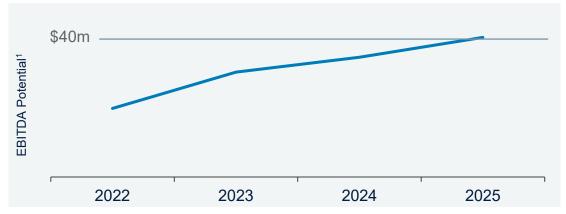
Avenir Fleet

 Unmatched in the small scale segment in terms of size, flexibility, and operational efficiency

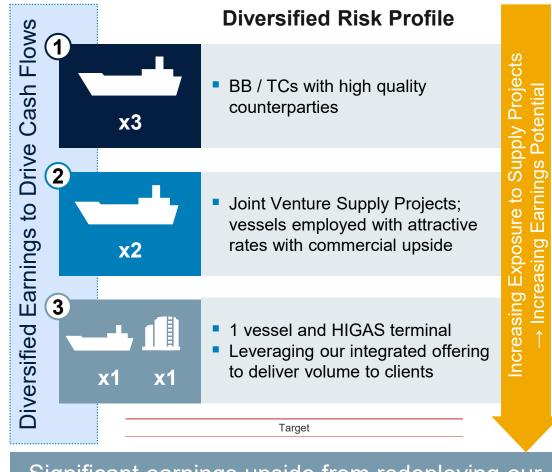
Fully Funded Investment Programme

- Investment programme fully funded and due for completion in 1H-2022:
 - 2x LNG vessels on charter, 3x due to be delivered in Q4-21 and 1x due in 1H-2022
 - State of the art small scale LNG terminal (HIGAS LNG in Sardinia) in commercial operations since August 2021

Indicative EBITDA Potential



1. Indicative EBITDA based on targeted risk profile of 3 TC/BB, 2 JV Supply Projects, and HIGAS LNG Supply



Significant earnings upside from redeploying our assets to LNG supply projects



Financials



SNL Net Profit | Downward Trend On Financial Cost Continues

	Quarter				Year-to-date		
Figures in USD million	3Q21	2Q21	3Q20	YTD21	YTD20		
Operating Revenue Operating Expenses	\$580.9 (385.7)	\$526.9 (367.3)	\$474.0 (295.3)	\$1,588.0 (1,080.6)	\$1,474.5 (998.5)		
Depreciation and amortisation Share of profit of joint ventures and associates Administrative and general expenses Net of Other Operating income (expenses)	(75.6) 11.8 (55.5) 0.6	(74.7) 9.8 (53.9) 0.4	(72.7) 10.0 (42.1) 0.4	(222.3) 30.6 (163.4) 1.3	(220.6) 23.6 (138.8) 1.0		
Operating Profit (before one-offs)	\$76.5	\$41.4	\$74.4	\$153.5	\$141.3		
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets Operating Profit (as reported)	2.9 \$79.4	0.2 \$41.4	(0.6) \$73.8	3.2 \$156.7	(0.5) \$140.8		
Net interest expense FX Gain (loss), net Income tax expense Other	(30.4) (2.7) (11.2) (1.6)	(31.6) 0.9 (2.8) (0.0)	(35.2) (3.3) (4.6) (0.3)	(94.5) (0.6) (16.2) (1.6)	(103.5) (5.1) (7.5) (1.2)		
Net Profit from Continuing Operations	\$33.5	\$7.8	\$30.5	\$43.8	\$23.5		
Loss from discontinued operation to SNL Shareholders	0.0	0.0	(1.3)	0.0	(11.6)		
Net Profit Attributable to equity holders of SNL Attributable to non-controlling interests Net Profit	\$33.5 33.5 0.0 33.5	\$7.8 7.8 0.0 7.8	\$29.2 29.2 0.0 29.2	\$43.8 43.8 0.0 43.8	\$11.9 12.8 (0.9) 11.9		
EBITDA*	\$138.5	\$115.9	\$139.0	\$362.3	\$362.1		

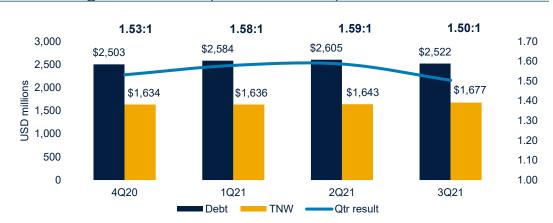
Highlights

- Strong revenue growth, particularly in STC and SSF, supported improvement in operating income
- A&G expense up from 2Q21 due to higher profit share accruals. The increase from the third quarter 2020 is due to FX, and a hiring freeze in place last year
- Interest expense reduction due to a reduction in debt and lower interest rates
- Tax increase driven by higher operating profit in SSF, Stolthaven Terminals and STC. Also, an increase in Deferred Tax Liability at Stolthaven Dagenham due to an increase in the corporate income tax rate in the UK

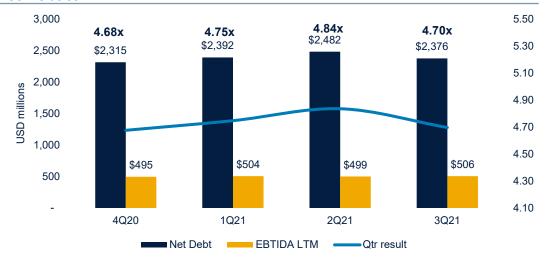
^{*}EBITDA before fair value of biological assets and other one-time items

Covenant Coverage | Focus On Debt Reduction and Strengthening Balance Sheet

Debt to Tangible Net Worth (maximum 2.00:1.00)



Net Debt to EBITDA



EBITDA to Interest Expense (LTM*) (minimum 2.00:1.00)



EBITDA Development**



Capital Expenditures

	Actuals			Remaining		
Figures in USD millions	1Q21	2Q21	3Q21	2021	2022	2023
Stolt Tankers	84	8	5	9	20	3
Stolthaven Terminals	10	11	11	25	88	61
Stolt Tank Containers	3	2	4	5	31	-
Stolt Sea Farm	2	1	4	2	6	7
Stolt-Nielsen Gas*	16	5	-	-	-	-
SNL Corporate & Other	-	3	1	22	-	-
Total	\$115	\$30	\$27	\$63	\$144	\$71



*Includes investments in JVs

- Stolt Tankers CAPEX in 1Q includes the acquisition of three ships from CTG. Balance mostly relates to installation of Ballast Water Treatment Systems
- Stolt Tankers CAPEX excludes drydocking, which was \$14.8m YTD and \$5.4m in 3Q

- Stolthaven Terminals invested \$11m in capacity projects and maintenance in 3Q
- Stolthaven Dagenham to upgrade jetty for \$35.0m, between 2022 and 2023, with the balance relating to M&R
- Stolt Tank Containers includes investment in tank new cleaning facilities, wastewater treatment plants, general upgrading of the Houston Depot and new tank containers.
- Stolt Sea Farm includes \$1.8m for new feeders for Turbot.

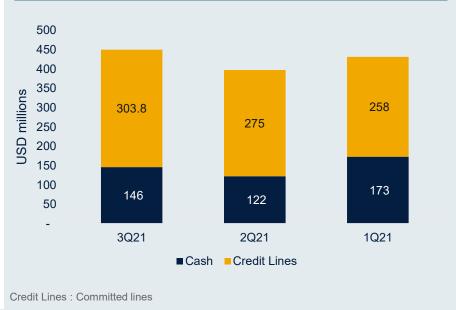
SNL Cash Flow and Liquidity Position

Figures in USD million	3Q21	2Q21	1Q21	YTD'21	YTD'20
Cash generated by operating activities	149.8	90.9	94.4	\$335.2	\$370.3
Interest Paid	(23.4)	(36.8)	(24.6)	(84.9)	(89.4)
Debt issuance cost	(0.5)	(1.1)	(1.5)	(3.2)	(3.2)
Interest received	0.6	0.2	0.9	1.7	2.0
Income taxes (paid) received	(1.2)	(1.7)	3.0	0.0	(3.0)
Net cash generated by operating activities	\$125.3	\$51.5	72.13	\$248.9	276.7
Net cash used for operating activities –					
Discontinued operations	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	(\$1.6)
Capital expenditures and intangible assets	(30.2)	(27.7)	(103.8)	(161.7)	(121.4)
Investments in & repayment of advances to JVs	1.9	(4.6)	(13.9)	(16.6)	(11.1)
Purchase of Golar shares	-	-	(3.0)	(3.0)	-
Sale of assets	10.2	0.5	0.7	11.4	12.0
Other	(1.9)	0.3	0.3	(1.3)	(0.2)
Net cash used in investing activities	(\$20.0)	(\$31.5)	(\$119.7)	(\$171.2)	(\$120.6)
Proceeds from issuance of long term debt	(30.2)	147.8	65.0	182.7	288.5
Increase (decrease) in loans payable to banks	(5.5)	5.5	20.0	20.0	-
Repayment of long-term debt	(30.6)	(202.5)	(29.7)	(262.7)	(351.0)
Principal payment on capital lease	(10.5)	(10.4)	(10.1)	(31.0)	(30.8)
Dividend and other	(0.0)	(13.4)	(13.4)	(26.8)	(13.5)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activites	(\$76.8)	(\$72.9)	\$31.8	(\$117.9)	(\$106.8)
Effect of exchange rates	(5.0)	2.3	1.1	(1.6)	(0.1)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$122.3	\$173.0	\$187.8	\$187.8	\$136.2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$145.8	\$122.3	\$173.0	\$145.9	\$183.8

Highlights

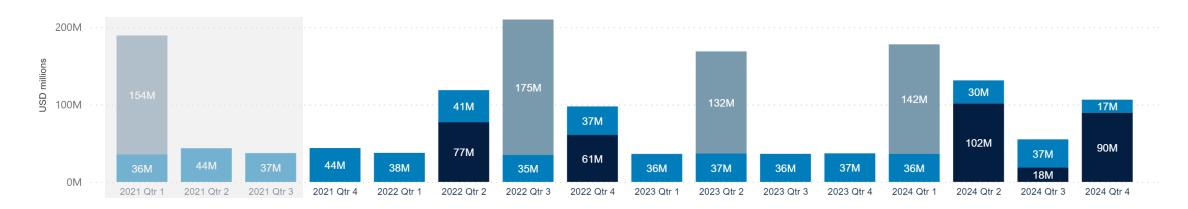
- Cash generated by operating activities increased from \$90.4m to \$150.9m, due to higher operating results.
- CAPEX remained stable in the quarter
- Sale of assets includes the sale of Stolt Selje

Liquidity available



Debt Maturity | Average Interest Cost Down

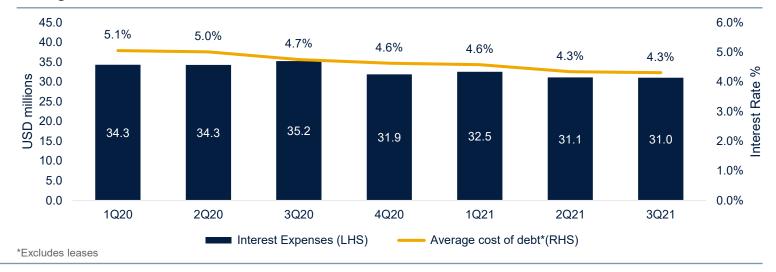




Financing Highlights

- Average interest rate is down to 4.3%, resulting in approx. \$11m annual cash savings
- 84% of the debt is with fixed interest rates
- Next maturity is a \$77m JOLCO maturing in May 2022 and a \$175m bond maturing in September 2022

Average Cost of Debt*



Focused on Delivering Cash Returns

- Stolt-Nielsen's objective is to **deliver** competitive cash returns to shareholders
- Two key variables stipulated in the dividend policy determine the level of dividend:



Our conglomerate structure and stable capital **structure position** us well to continue delivering value to shareholders

Strong Cash Returns

~\$1.0bn

dividends returned

to shareholders

Cumulative

since 2000

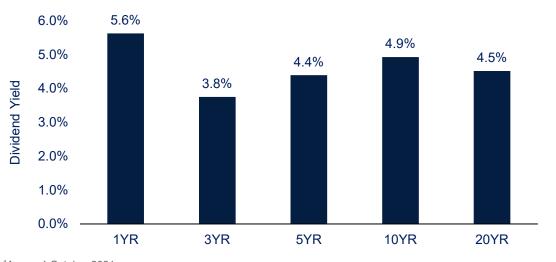
2005

5.6%¹

Dividends paid to SNL shareholders every year since 2005

Last 12 months (LTM) dividend yield

Historically Consistent SNL Dividend Yield¹

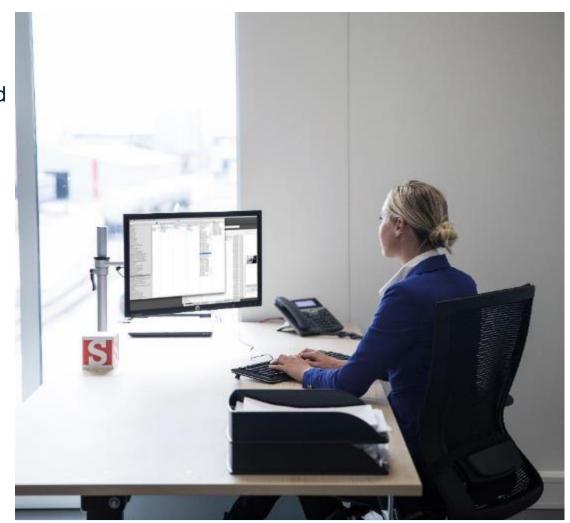


¹As per 4 October 2021

Key Messages

- Improved profitability in the quarter driven by Stolhaven, STC and SSF
- Chemical tanker market remains challenging, though good progress has been made in underlying efficiency
- Building blocks of a tanker market recovery early signs within the crude and CPP markets
- However, short term market uncertainties remain

 supply chain challenges and easing of
 Covid-19 restrictions
- Stolt-Nielsen is committed to delivering competitive cash returns to shareholders
- Strong underlying market fundamentals across all our businesses — our conglomerate structure and stable capital structure position us well to capture the upcycle





Q&A

